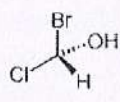
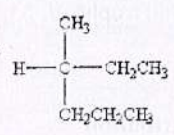
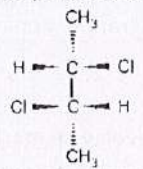
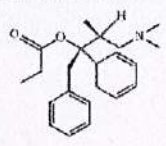


Exam Feb 2023
Exam Code-1221
Subject Code- CH10516 (CHEMISTRY)

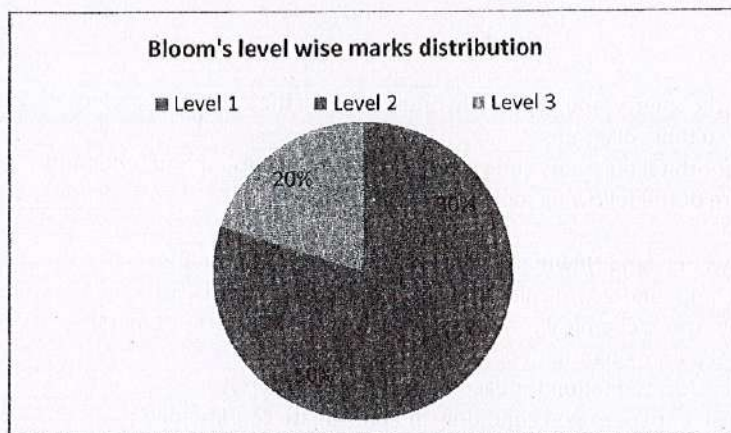
Time: 3 hrs.

MM: 70

S. No	Questions	Marks	CO	BL	PI
Q1	(a) Write any four principles of green chemistry.	2	5	1	7.1.2
	(b) Assign absolute configuration to the chiral carbon present in the following molecules	2	1	2,3	1.2.1
	<p>a </p> <p>b </p> <p>c </p> <p>d </p>				
	(c) Identify shape, geometry and type of hybridisation of the following molecules SF ₄ , SO ₃ , PO ₄ ²⁻ with suitable diagrams.	3	1	1,3	1.2.1
	(d) Draw molecular orbital diagrams and give the information about bond order and magnetic nature of the following molecule: N ₂ , NO, F ₂ , HCl.	7	1	1,3	1.2.1
	OR				
	(e) I. Draw Sawhorse and Newman projections of ethane and butane. II. For the compound-2, 3-dichloropentane (CH ₃ CH ₂ CHClCHClCH ₃), a) Draw stereochemical formulas for all the possible stereoisomers, b) Label pair of enantiomers, c) Give R/S designation for each of the stereoisomers.	4+3	1	2,3	1.2.1
Q2	(a) Giving reaction, compare calgon condition and phosphate conditioning?	2	2	2	1.2.1
	(b) Presenting chemical reaction, describe any one method of disinfection of water.	2	2	1	1.2.1
	(c) Draw the chemical structure of the following: I. Metal-EDTA complex II. Eriochrome black -T (EBT) indicator III. Methyl orange Indicator	3	2	1	1.2.1
	(d) A water sample contains the following salts: Ca(HCO ₃) ₂ = 203 mg/L, Mg(HCO ₃) ₂ = 95 mg/L, CaSO ₄ = 136 mg/L, MgCl ₂ = 95 mg/L, CaCl ₂ = 111 mg/L, KCl = 100 mg/L Calculate the temporary and permanent hardness of water in ppm.	7	2	2,3	1.2.1
	OR				
	(e) Describe Lime-Soda method of softening of water under following head: (i) Principle (ii) Chemical reactions (iii) Labelled diagram (iv) Advantages	7	2	2	1.2.1
Q3	(a) Write definition and significance of Drop Point of semi solid lubricants.	2	3	1	1.2.1
	(b) Giving example, explain principle involved in bimetallic corrosion.	2	3	2	1.2.1
	(c) Illustrating various examples, write an informative note on Solid Lubricants	3	3	1	1.2.1
	(d) I. Enlisting various types, write the functions of Greases. II. A lubricating oil of unknown viscosity-index has the Saybolt Universal Viscosity of 60 seconds at 210°F and of 400 seconds at 100°F. The standard pennsylvanian oil has Saybolt Universal Viscosity of 60 seconds at 210°F and 300 seconds at 100°F. The standard gulf oil has a Saybolt Universal Viscosity of 60 seconds at 210°F and 800 seconds at 100°F. Calculate the viscosity-index of oil.	4+3	3	2,3	1.2.1
	OR				
	(e) Explain, How the nature of metal and environment influencing rate of corrosion?	7	3	2	1.2.1
Q4	(a) Giving example of each, discuss the classification of nano materials.	2	3	1	1.2.1
	(b) Giving example of each, define Thermoplastics and Thermosettings.	2	3	1	1.2.1
	(c) Differentiate between Addition and condensation polymerization.	3	3	2	1.2.1
	(d) What are Smart Materials? Giving principle of each discuss applications of any five smart materials.	7	3	2	1.2.1
	OR				
	(e) Taking suitable example, explain how the Cationic and Anionic mechanism of polymerization carried out.	7	3	2	1.2.1

P.T.O

Q5	(a)	Draw and define: Electromagnetic Spectrum.	2	4	2	1.2.1
	(b)	Discuss various absorption and intensity shifts observed in UV-visible spectrum.	2	4	2	1.2.1
	(c)	Predict the no. of fundamental vibrational modes in the following molecules: (i) CO_2 (ii) H_2S (iii) C_2H_2	3	4	2	1.2.1
	(d)	Write the principle of IR spectroscopy and describe various molecular vibrations involved in the technique.	7	4	3	1.2.1
		OR				
	(e)	Discuss Gas-Liquid Chromatography under following heads: (i) Principle involved (ii) Schematic diagram of apparatus (iii) Applications	7	4	2	1.2.1



Exam June-July 2022
Exam Code-956
Subject Code- CH10506 (CHEMISTRY)

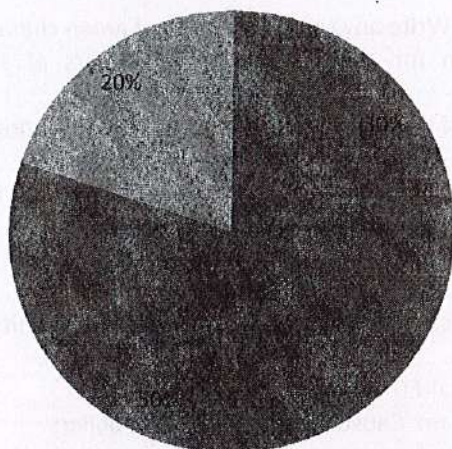
Time: 3 hrs.

MM: 70

S. No	Questions	Marks	CO	BL	PI	
Q1	(a) What is green chemistry? Write any three principles of green chemistry.	2	1	1	7.1.2	
	(b) Give the R/S designation for each of the stereoisomers of 1,3-dibromo-2-methylbutane.	2	1	2,3	1.1.1	
	(c) Predict the hybridization of central atom and shape of the following molecule: (i) NH_4^+ (ii) H_2O (iii) SnCl_2	3	1	1,3	1.2.1	
	(d) Illustrating electronic configuration and molecular orbital energy level diagram, find the bond order and magnetic behaviour of NO.	7	1	1,3	1.2.1	
OR						
Q2	(e) Illustrate and explain various conformational isomers of <i>n</i> -butane.	7	1	2,3	1.2.1	
	(a) Why do we add two indicators during determination of alkalinity of water by acid base titration?	2	1,2	2	1.2.1	
	(b) Draw the structure of Metal-EDTA complex and Indicator EBT.	2	1,2	1	1.2.1	
	(c) Write an informative note on: Caustic Embrittlement in boilers.	3	1,2	1	1.2.1	
Q3	(d) Calculate the temporary and permanent hardness of water in °Fr and °Cl from the following analysis of water sample: $\text{Ca}(\text{HCO}_3)_2 = 165 \text{ mg/L}$, $\text{Mg}(\text{HCO}_3)_2 = 73 \text{ mg/L}$, $\text{CaSO}_4 = 140 \text{ mg/L}$, $\text{MgCl}_2 = 100 \text{ mg/L}$, $\text{MgSO}_4 = 50 \text{ mg/L}$, $\text{CaCl}_2 = 139 \text{ mg/L}$, $\text{KCl} = 100 \text{ mg/L}$	7	2	2,3	1.1.1	
	OR					
	(e) Describe ion exchange method of softening of water under following head: (i) Principle involved (ii) structure of resins and chemical reactions (iii) labelled diagram (iv) Advantages and disadvantages.	7	1,2	2	1.2.1	
	(a) Giving significance, define Flash point of an oil.	2	3	1	1.2.1	
Q4	(b) Write an informative note on waterline corrosion.	2	1,3	1	1.2.1	
	(c) Give reason why Steel bolts should not be used in Copper equipments?	3	1,3	2	1.2.1	
	(d) I. Explain, types and significance of Cutting fluids. II. A lubricating oil of unknown viscosity-index has the Saybolt Universal Viscosity of 60 seconds at 210°F and of 60 seconds at 100°F. The standard pennsylvanian oil has Saybolt Universal Viscosity of 60 seconds at 210°F and 500 seconds at 100°F. The standard gulf oil has a Saybolt Universal Viscosity of 60 seconds at 210°F and 800 seconds at 100°F. Calculate the viscosity-index of oil.	3+4	1,3	2,3	1.1.1	
	OR					
Q5	(e) Taking suitable example, explain electrochemical theory of wet corrosion in detail.	7	1,3	2	1.2.1	
	(a) Giving chemical structure of Polyester, discuss its uses.	2	1,3	1	1.2.1	
	(b) Giving function of each, discuss any two types of smart material.	2	3	1	1.2.1	
	(c) Differentiate between Thermoplastics and Thermosettings.	3	1,3	2	1.2.1	
Q5	(d) Enlisting various applications, discuss any two methods of synthesis of nano material.	7	1,3	2	1.2.1	
	OR					
	(e) Taking suitable example, explain Addition and condensation polymerization.	7	1,3	2	1.2.1	
	(a) Find out the number of fundamental vibrations for C_6H_6 , H_2S , C_2H_2 and N_2O .	2	1,4	2	1.1.1	
Q5	(b) Discuss fundamental principles involved in chromatographic separation.	2	1,4	2	1.2.1	
	(c) Discuss various electronic transitions involved in UV-visible region.	3	1,4	2	1.2.1	
	(d) Calculate the approximate stretching frequency and wave no of C-H single bond. Force constant $= 5.0 \times 10^5 \text{ gm sec}^{-2}$	7	1,4	3	1.1.1	
	OR					
Q5	(e) Discuss Atomic Absorption Spectroscopy under following heads: (i) Principle involved (ii) Schematic diagram of apparatus (iii) Applications	7	1,4	2	1.2.1	

Bloom's level wise marks distribution

■ Level 1 ■ Level 2 ■ Level 3



ONLINE FEB 2022 EXAMINATION
Exam Code-2236
Subject Code- CH10506 (CHEMISTRY)

Time: 90 Minutes

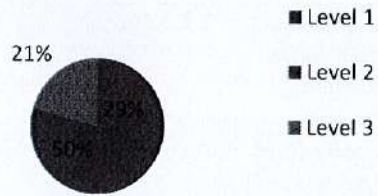
MM: 40

Note: All Questions are compulsory.

S. No.		Questions	Marks	CO	BL	PI
Q.1	A	Using MO diagram explain which is more stable: O_2^+ or O_2^- ?	4	1	1,2	1.5.1
	B	i. Draw Newman and Sawhorse projection formulae for 1,2,3,4- tetra bromobutane OR 1,2- di bromo 1-chloro ethane. ii. Draw the structure of 2(E), 4(Z), 6(E)-Octatriene.	2+2	1	1,2	1.5.1
Q.2	A	Calculate the amount of lime(92% pure) and soda (98% pure) required for treatment of 30,000 litres of water, whose analysis is as follows: $Ca(HCO_3)_2=40.5ppm$, $Mg(HCO_3)_2=36.55ppm$, $MgSO_4=30.0ppm$, $CaSO_4=34.0ppm$, $CaCl_2=27.75ppm$, $NaCl=10.0ppm$	4	2	2,3	1.2.1
	B	Giving reaction of each, explain the function of the following in water treatment (a) Bleaching powder (b) Calgon (c) Sodium aluminate (d) Chloramine	4	2,5	1,2	1.5.1
Q.3	A	Explain, how Corrosion can be minimised by using the following techniques? (a) Using inhibitors (b) by design and material selection.	4	3	1	1.5.1
	B	Calculate the viscosity-index of oil when it has the Saybolt universal viscosity of 86 seconds at 210 °F and of 600 seconds at 100 °F. The high viscosity-index standard Pennsylvanian oil has Saybolt universal viscosity of 86 seconds at 98.9 °F and 400 seconds at 100 °F. The low viscosity-index standard gulf oil has a Saybolt universal viscosity of 86 seconds at 210 °F and 800 seconds at 100 °F.	4	3	3,4	1.2.1
Q.4	A	Giving suitable examples of each, explain Addition and Condensation methods of polymerization.	4	3	1,2	1.5.1
	B	Explain the bottom up and top down approaches for syntheses of nanomaterials. Enlist advantages and disadvantages of each method.	4	3	2,3	1.5.1
Q.5	A	Enlist types of fundamental vibrations that a molecule exhibit. Find out the number of fundamental vibrations for Chloroform and Methanol.	2+2	4	1,2	1.2.1
	B	Draw the schematic diagram of a GLC apparatus. Discuss the principle of column chromatography and suggest how will you separate a compound from a given mixture?	2+2	4	1,4	1.5.1

Bloom's Taxonomy Chart

Bloom's level wise marks distribution



Course outcome wise marks distribution

